

## Floristic and structural vegetation typology of bonobo habitats in a forest-savanna mosaic (Bolobo Territory, D.R.Congo) – Errata

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Some corrections are necessary for an article published in an earlier issue of *Plant Ecology and Evolution* (Pennec et al. 2016). An error occurred in figure 7 (Pennec et al. 2016: 210), and in some results mentioning dbh proportion values.

A corrected version of fig. 7 is given herewith. In the results part, the floristic and structural description of the eight vegetation types (Pennec et al. 2016: 209) need the following modifications:

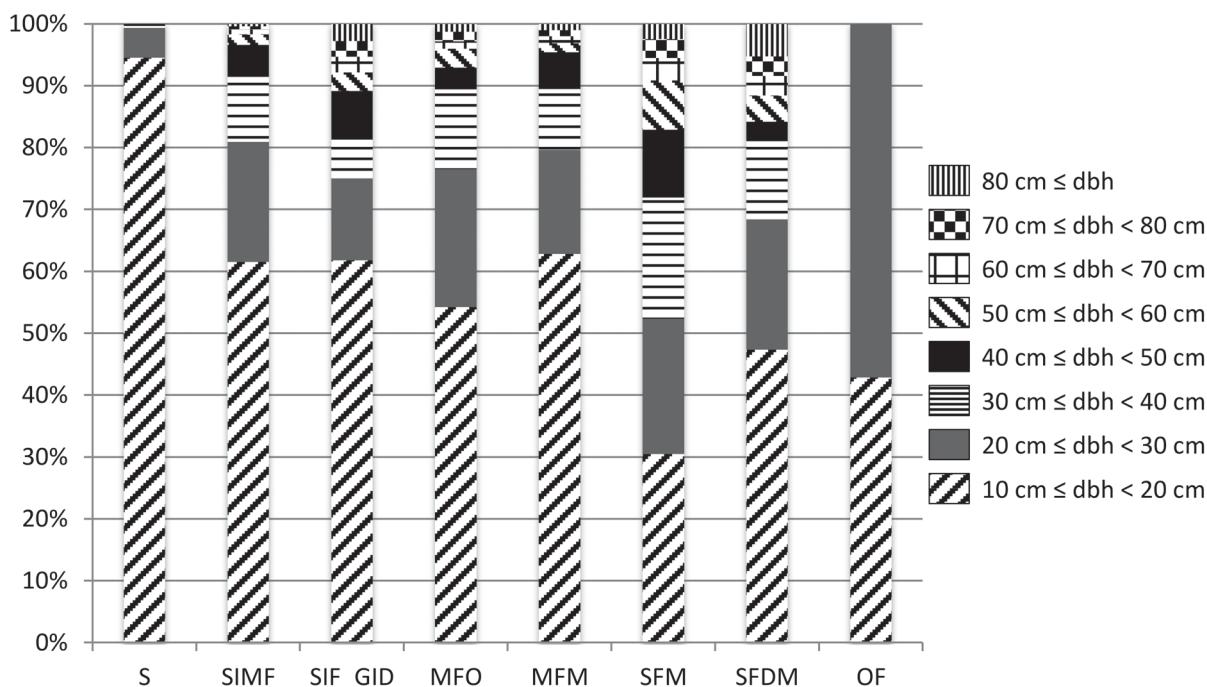
Seasonally inundated mixed forest was composed of a relatively high number of trees (334/ha, table 5) with medium dbh (80 % of trees with dbh  $\leq$  30 cm, fig. 7).

Mixed forest with open understorey presents 76 % of trees with dbh  $\leq$  30 cm.

Sparse forest with Marantaceae understorey shows an under-representation of trees with dbh  $\leq$  30 cm representing 52 % of trees (against a value  $\geq$  70 % for the other forest types).

### REFERENCE

Pennec F., Krief S., Hladik A., Lubini A., Bortolamiol S., Bokika Ngawolo J.C., Narat V. (2016) Floristic and structural vegetation typology of bonobo habitats in a forest-savanna mosaic (Bolobo Territory, D.R.Congo). *Plant Ecology and Evolution* 149: 199–215. <https://doi.org/10.5091/plecevo.2016.1157>



**Figure 7** – Distribution of diameter at breast height (dbh) classes for each habitat type. S: savanna; SIMF: seasonally inundated mixed forest; SIF\_GID: seasonally inundated forest with *Gilbertiodendron dewevrei*; MFO: mixed forest with open understorey; MFM: mixed forest with Marantaceae understorey; SFM: sparse forest with Marantaceae understorey; SFDM: sparse forest with very dense Marantaceae understorey; OF: open canopy forest.